Coogee Aluminium Sulphate Solid

Coogee
Chemwatch: 4887-83

Version No: 9.1
Safety Data Sheet according to WHS Regulations (Hazardous Chemicals) Amendment 2020 and ADG requirements

Chemwatch Hazard Alert Code: 4

Issue Date: 10/03/2023 Print Date: 20/11/2023 L.GHS.AUS.EN.E

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier	
Product name	Coogee Aluminium Sulphate Solid
Chemical Name	aluminium sulfate
Synonyms	Al2-S3-O12; Al2(SO4)3; Aluminium Sulfate
Chemical formula	Not Applicable
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses

Hydrated grades as Alum are high volume commercial chemicals. Sizing paper, lakes, alums, dyeing mordant, agent in fire fighting foams, cloth fireproofing, white leather tannage, pH control in paper industry, waterproofing agent for concrete, deodorizer and decolouriser in petroleum refining, sewage precipitating agent and for water purification.

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Coogee
Address	Cnr of Patterson and Kwinana Beach Roads Kwinana WA Australia
Telephone	+61 8 9439 8200
Fax	+61 8 9439 8300
Website	www.coogee.com.au
Email	enquiry@coogee.com.au

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	Coogee
Emergency telephone numbers	1800 800 655
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. NON-DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification ^[1]	Acute Toxicity (Oral) Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 1A, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 1, Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)







Signal word	Dang
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Hazard statement(s)

Tractical obtation (o)	
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

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P260	Do not breathe dust/fume.
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P301+P330+P331	IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. If more than 15 mins from Doctor, INDUCE VOMITING (if conscious).
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water [or shower].

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P405 Store locked up.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
10043-01-3	>99	aluminium sulfate
Legend:	Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from F Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	ICIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4.

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Immediately hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Continue flushing until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes. Transport to hospital or doctor without delay. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If dust is inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Encourage patient to blow nose to ensure clear passage of breathing. If irritation or discomfort persists seek medical attention.
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.
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Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	 Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear breathing apparatus plus protective gloves in the event of a fire.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Non combustible. Not considered a significant fire risk, however containers may burn. Decomposition may produce toxic fumes of: sulfur oxides (SOx) May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

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SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

	- •
Minor Spills	 Clean up all spills immediately. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard. • CAUTION: Advise personnel in area.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. Wear protective clothing when risk of exposure occurs.
Other information	Store in original containers. Keep containers securely sealed.

Conditions for safe storage including any incompatibilities

Conditions for sale storage, including any incompatibilities			
Suitable container	 DO NOT use aluminium, galvanised or tin-plated containers Polyethylene or polypropylene container Check that containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks 		
Storage incompatibility	 In presence of moisture, the material is corrosive to aluminium, zinc and tin producing highly flammable hydrogen gas. Segregate from alcohol, water. Avoid strong bases. 		

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

TEEL-1

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	aluminium sulfate	Aluminium, soluble salts (as Al)	2 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Emergency Limits						

aluminium sulfate	38 mg/m3	64 mg/m3		380 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
aluminium sulfate	Not Available		Not Available	

TEEL-2

TEEL-3

MATERIAL DATA

Ingredient

Exposure controls

_xp************************************	
Appropriate engineering controls	If exposure to workplace dust is not controlled, respiratory protection is required; wear SAA approved dust respirator.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	mono-goggles. Chemical goggles
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	Overalls. P.V.C apron.

Respiratory protection

Type -P Filter of sufficient capacity. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:2000 & 149:2001, ANSI Z88 or national equivalent)

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

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Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Appearance White lustrous crystals, pieces, granules or powder. Acidic reaction.				
Physical state	Divided Solid	Relative density (Water = 1)	Not Available		
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available		
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Applicable		
pH (as supplied)	Not Applicable	Decomposition temperature (°C)	770		
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	770	Viscosity (cSt)	Not Applicable		
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	Not Available	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Applicable		
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available		
Evaporation rate	Not Applicable	Explosive properties	Not Available		
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available		
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Applicable		
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Applicable	Volatile Component (%vol)	Not Applicable		
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Applicable	Gas group	Not Available		
Solubility in water	Reacts	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available		
Vapour density (Air = 1)	>1	VOC g/L	Not Available		

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	 Unstable in the presence of incompatible materials. Product is considered stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information	on	toxicological	effects

Inhaled	The dust may cause sore throat, coughing. Persons with impaired respiratory function, airway diseases and conditions such as emphysema or chronic bronchitis, may incur further disability if excessive concentrations of particulate are inhaled. If prior damage to the circulatory or nervous systems has occurred or if kidney damage has been sustained, proper screenings should be conducted on individuals who may be exposed to further risk if handling and use of the material result in excessive exposures. Irritating to respiratory system.		
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Acute toxic responses to aluminium are confined to the more soluble forms.		
Skin Contact	Irritating to skin. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects. Examine the skin prior to the use of the material and ensure that any external damage is suitably protected.		
Eye	When applied to the eye(s) of animals, the material produces severe ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation.		
Chronic	Long term exposure to high dust concentrations may caus micron penetrating and remaining in the lung. A prime syn Occupational exposure to aluminium compounds may pro	ers. Repeated minor ingestion may cause phosphate deficiency; weakening bones. e changes in lung function (i.e. pneumoconiosis) caused by particles less than 0.5 aptom is breathlessness. duce asthma, chronic obstructive lung disease and pulmonary fibrosis. Long-term rax, variable sputum production and nodular interstitial fibrosis; death has been	
Canada Alemainium Culmbata	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	

Coogee Aluminium Sulphate Solid	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
	Not Available	Not Available
	TOXICITY	IRRITATION
aluminium sulfate	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: >1167.5 mg/kg ^[1]	Eye (rabbit): 10 mg/24h SEVERE
	Inhalation(Rat) LC50: >5 mg/l4h ^[1]	
	Oral (Rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]	

Legend:
1. Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2. Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances

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Oral (rat) TDLo: 10138 mg/kg/8D-C

Exposure to the material may result in a possible risk of irreversible effects. The material may produce mutagenic effects in man.

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends. This may be due to a non-allergic condition known as reactive airways dysfunction syndrome (RADS) which can occur after exposure to high levels of highly irritating compound.

for acid mists, aerosols, vapours

Data from assays for genotoxic activity in vitro suggest that eukaryotic cells are susceptible to genetic damage when the pH falls to about 6.5.

Cells from the respiratory tract have not been examined in this respect.

For aluminium compounds:

Aluminium present in food and drinking water is poorly absorbed through the gastrointestinal tract. The bioavailability of aluminium is dependent on the form in which it is ingested and the presence of dietary constituents with which the metal cation can complex Ligands in food can have a marked effect on absorption of aluminium, as they can either enhance uptake by forming absorbable (usually water soluble) complexes (e.g., with carboxylic acids such as citric and lactic), or reduce it by forming insoluble compounds (e.g., with phosphate or dissolved silicate).

Considering the available human and animal data it is likely that the oral absorption of aluminium can vary 10-fold based on chemical form alone.

Acute Toxicity	~	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	X
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	X
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	X

Legend:

— Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

Coogee Aluminium Sulphate Solid	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
aluminium sulfate	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.005mg/L	2
	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.017mg/L	2
	EC50	48h	Crustacea	0.33mg/l	2
	LC50	96h	Fish	>0.42mg/l	2
	EC50(ECx)	120h	Fish	<0.001mg/L	5

Legend:

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air	
aluminium sulfate	HIGH	HIGH	

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
aluminium sulfate	LOW (LogKOW = -2.2002)	

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility	
aluminium sulfate	LOW (KOC = 6.124)	

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Recycle wherever possible or consult manufacturer for recycling options.

Consult State Land Waste Management Authority for disposal.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required

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Marine Pollutant



HAZCHEM

M Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

14.7.1. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

14.7.2. Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
aluminium sulfate	Not Available

14.7.3. Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
aluminium sulfate	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

aluminium sulfate is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Additional Regulatory Information

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status	
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes	
Canada - DSL	Yes	
Canada - NDSL	No (aluminium sulfate)	
China - IECSC	Yes	
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes	
Japan - ENCS	Yes	
Korea - KECI	Yes	
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes	
Philippines - PICCS	Yes	
USA - TSCA	Yes	
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes	
Mexico - INSQ	Yes	
Vietnam - NCI	Yes	
Russia - FBEPH	Yes	
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.	

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	10/03/2023
Initial Date	14/08/2014

SDS Version Summary

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Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated	
8.1	23/12/2022	Classification review due to GHS Revision change.	
9.1	10/03/2023	Classification change due to full database hazard calculation/update.	

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

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The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment. Many factors determine whether the reported Hazards are Risks in the workplace or other settings.

Definitions and abbreviations

- ▶ PC TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average
- ▶ PC STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
- ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists
- ▶ STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
- ► TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit,
- IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations
- ES: Exposure Standard
- OSF: Odour Safety Factor
- ▶ NOAEL: No Observed Adverse Effect Level
- LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level
- ► TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- ► LOD: Limit Of Detection
- ► OTV: Odour Threshold Value
- ▶ BCF: BioConcentration Factors
- ▶ BEI: Biological Exposure Index
- DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level
- ▶ PNEC: Predicted no-effect concentration
- ▶ AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
- ▶ DSL: Domestic Substances List
- ▶ NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List
- ▶ IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China
- ▶ EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances
- ▶ ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
- ► NLP: No-Longer Polymers
- ► ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory
- ▶ KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory
- ► NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals
- ▶ PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- ► TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory
- ▶ INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas
- ▶ NCI: National Chemical Inventory
- ▶ FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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