

Gradual Damage

What is gradual damage?

House insurance policies are designed to provide cover for damage which occurs suddenly and accidentally. However, many claims are made for damage which has resulted from a slowly developing condition. Because the damage was not sudden, the policy does not provide cover. Declined claims for "gradual damage" are the source of many complaints to the IFSO Scheme.

The policy wording

Domestic house policies will exclude liability for damage which occurs gradually, defined in the policies as, for example, "wear and tear", "gradual deterioration", "rot" and "corrosion". Insurers do not generally provide cover for foreseeable damage or routine maintenance.

What to do:

- 1. Read your policy to understand about gradual damage and limitations.
- 2. If you become aware of a problem (for example, a leak) take immediate steps to prevent further damage, and notify your insurer.

However, most domestic house policies now provide limited cover for gradual damage, which occurs in clearly specified circumstances. This limited gradual damage cover will generally only apply to damage caused by a leaking internal water or waste disposal pipe. The damage must have first occurred during the time you owned and occupied the house; and is limited to a specified dollar amount (usually about \$2,000).

Always check your policy wording, as there can be variations to the limited gradual damage cover provided by insurers.

Your knowledge

Insurers do not distinguish between:

- 1. gradual damage, which should have been obvious to you. For example, you might have been aware the bathroom floor was becoming "spongy", but chose not to investigate why this was occurring; and
- gradual damage which you could not reasonably have known about until it was too late. For example, rotten flooring in the bathroom which suddenly gives way after a long period of being affected by water leaking from a shower unit.

Quite often, there is clear evidence of gradual damage from a leaking internal water pipe, but the exact location of the leak is not known. At present, most policies do not provide cover for the cost of locating the leak, with insurers generally regarding such cost as part of the pipe repair, which is excluded from the policy cover.

In some cases, it is difficult to determine whether damage has been gradual or sudden and whether there has been a delay in a claim being made. Any delay in making a claim might prejudice the insurer's position, by increasing the extent of the damage and limiting the insurer's opportunity to properly assess the damage.



The evidence

Often, the extent of the damage indicates that it could only have developed over a period of time. For example, where carpet is rotten and falling apart; where floors, particularly particleboard, have disintegrated and have a "Weet-bix" appearance; or where mould, mildew, or corrosion are evident. None of these conditions occur when there has been, for example, a sudden spillage of water. They are evidence of a continual "wet" problem.

Some people still argue that the damage was only discovered when, for example, the bathroom floor suddenly gave way. However, it is not the sudden discovery of damage which dictates whether a valid claim exists, rather it is whether the <u>cause</u> of the damage was sudden or gradual.